

## Chapter 9: Practice using the Genitive Case

Each English phrase in parentheses can be translated into a Latin phrase consisting of a **noun with a genitive**. Give the correct Latin phrase.

Example:

(The girl's father) est fessus.

Answer: pater puellae

**pater** is nominative because he's the subject, and **puellae** is genitive because she is the possessor.

1. Horatia (Quintus' friend) videt.

2. Puer ad (the door of the school) ambulat.

3. (The house's walls) parvi sunt.

4. Puellae ex (Flaccus' field) currunt.

**5. pueri per (the streets of the city) currunt.**

**6. (the sons of Flaccus) vocant.**

**7. (Scintilla's daughter) est Horatia.**

**8. coloni (the king's son) non amant.**